#### DUKES COUNTY POOLED OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) TRUST FUND

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019



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# DUKES COUNTY POOLED OPEB TRUST FUND TABLE OF CONTENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT	1
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS	4
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION	7
STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION	8
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	9
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS	15
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION BY EMPLOYER	16



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# **INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT**

Board of Trustees Dukes County Pooled OPEB Trust Fund Vineyard Haven, Massachusetts

## **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying statement of fiduciary net position of the Dukes County Pooled OPEB Trust Fund (Trust) as of June 30, 2019, and the related statement of changes in fiduciary net position for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

# Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

## Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.



# Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the fiduciary net position of the Trust as of June 30, 2019, and the change in fiduciary net position for the year ended June 30, 2019, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

# **Other Matters**

## Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that management's discussion and analysis (located on pages 4 through 6) and certain investment information (located on page 15) be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

## Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements. The combining statement of changes in fiduciary net position by employer (supplementary information) is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

# Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 14, 2019, on our consideration of the Trust's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Trust's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Trust's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Boston, Massachusetts November 14, 2019

#### DUKES COUNTY POOLED OPEB TRUST FUND MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2019

As Management of the Dukes County Pooled Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) Trust Fund (Trust), we offer readers of these financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the Trust's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2019. Please refer to the audited *Financial Statements* when reading this management's discussion and analysis.

### **Overview of the Trust**

The Trust was established November 1, 2010, and is an agent multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan that covers retired employees and survivors of the Trust's member employers. The Trust's membership includes the County of Dukes County, the Towns of Aquinnah, Chilmark, Oak Bluffs, Edgartown, Tisbury, and West Tisbury, the Martha's Vineyard Regional High School District, the Up-Island Regional School District, the Martha's Vineyard Commission, the Martha's Vineyard Refuse District and the Martha's Vineyard Transit Authority.

## Financial Highlights

The Trust's funding objective is to meet long-term OPEB obligations through contributions and investment income.

The Trust's fiduciary net position increased by \$3,298,368, or 27.4%, when compared to the prior year. Net position is the residual of the Trust's assets in excess of the Trust's liabilities as of the statement date. The Trust's assets are restricted to meet future OPEB payments of the Trust's member employers.

## **Overview of the Financial Statements**

The financial statements are comprised of a statement of fiduciary net position, statement of changes in fiduciary net position, notes to financial statements, required supplementary information and supplementary information.

The **statement of fiduciary net position** presents information on the Trust's assets and liabilities and the resulting net position restricted for postemployment benefits other than pensions. This is calculated using the following formula: Assets – Liabilities = Net Position restricted for postemployment benefits other than pensions. This statement reflects the Trust's investments at fair value, as well as cash and liabilities. The statement of fiduciary net position reports the financial position of the Trust at June 30, 2019. Over time, the increase or decrease in net position serves as a useful indicator of the Trust's financial health.

The **statement of changes in fiduciary net position** presents information showing how the Trust's fiduciary net position changed for the year ended June 30, 2019. It reflects contributions by its member employers along with deductions for administrative expenses. Investment income during the period is also presented showing income from investing activities.

The **notes to the financial statements** provide additional information that is essential for the reader to gain a full understanding of the data provided in the financial statements.

The **required supplementary information** includes historical data regarding the schedule of investment returns.

#### DUKES COUNTY POOLED OPEB TRUST FUND MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2019

### Supplementary Information

In addition to the financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents supplementary information. Presented in this information is the combining statement of changes in fiduciary net position by employer. This additional information can be found on page 16.

## Financial Statement Analysis

The following tables present current and prior year data on the Trust's financial statements.

#### Fiduciary Net Position

The Trust's assets exceeded liabilities by \$15,341,963 as of June 30, 2019 and are summarized as follows:

	2019	2018
Assets		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 546,528	\$ 167,485
Investments	14,794,588	11,901,101
Accounts Receivable	847	14,468
Total Assets	15,341,963	12,083,054
Liabilities		
Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses	-	13,500
Securities Payable		25,959
Total Liabilities		39,459
Net Position Restricted for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions	\$ 15,341,963	\$ 12,043,595

#### DUKES COUNTY POOLED OPEB TRUST FUND MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2019

#### Changes in Fiduciary Net Position

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the Trust's fiduciary net position increased by \$3,298,368. In the prior year, the Trust's fiduciary net position increased by \$3,686,235. These amounts are summarized as follows:

Additions	2019	2018
Contributions Employer	\$ 2,628,466	\$ 3,299,302
Net Investment Income	704,641	442,687
Other	457	836
Total Additions	3,333,564	3,742,825
<b>Deductions</b> Administrative Expenses Withdrawal for Retiree Benefits	32,205 2,991	56,590
Total Deductions	35,196	56,590
Net Increase in Net Position	3,298,368	3,686,235
Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning of Year	12,043,595	8,357,360
Fiduciary Net Position - End of Year	\$ 15,341,963	\$ 12,043,595

#### Additions to Fiduciary Net Position

The primary additions of the trust are voluntary employer contributions and investment income. Employer contributions totaled \$2,628,466, or 78.8%, of total additions, while net investment income totaled \$704,641, or 21.1%, of total additions, as compared to \$3,299,302 and \$442,687, respectively, in the prior year.

## **Deductions to Fiduciary Net Position**

The primary deductions of the Trust are for administrative expenses related to actuary fees, fiduciary insurance and audit fees. Total deductions were \$35,196 during the current year versus \$56,590 in the previous year.

#### **Requests for Information**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Trust's finances for all those with an interest in its finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report should be addressed to the Trustees, P.O. Box 921, Vineyard Haven, Massachusetts, 02568.

# DUKES COUNTY POOLED OPEB TRUST FUND STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2019

Assets		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	546,528
Investments:		
Equity Mutual Funds		10,481,011
Fixed Income Mutual Funds		3,113,577
Real Estate		1,200,000
Total Investments		14,794,588
Interest Receivable		847
Total Assets		15,341,963
Not Position Postricted for Postemployment Ponefite		
Net Position Restricted for Postemployment Benefits	¢	45 044 000
Other Than Pensions	<u></u>	15,341,963

### DUKES COUNTY POOLED OPEB TRUST FUND STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

#### Additions:

Contributions:	
Employer - Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability	\$ 2,598,573
Employer - Administrative	29,893
Total Contributions	2,628,466
Investment Income (Loss):	
Interest and Dividends	349,952
Net Realized and Unrealized Gains	402,077
Less: Investment Fees	(47,388)
Net Investment Income	704,641
Other	457
Total Additions	3,333,564
Deductions:	
Administrative Expenses	32,205
Withdrawals for Retiree Benefits	2,991
Total Deductions	35,196
Net Increase in Net Position	3,298,368
Net Position Restricted for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions	
Beginning of Year	12,043,595
End of Year	\$ 15,341,963

### NOTE 1 DESCRIPTION OF PLAN

### A. Plan Administration

The Dukes County Pooled Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) Trust Fund (Trust) is an agent multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan that covers retired employees and survivors of the Trust's member employers. The Trust was established November 1, 2010, pursuant to Chapter 149 of the Acts of 2010, for the purpose of holding, managing and administering the funding of the unfunded liability of OPEB accrued by each member employers' participants. Participation in the Plan is voluntary upon commencement of employment for a permanent employee who regularly works not less than 20 hours per week.

The initial two employer members of the Trust were the County of Dukes County and the Martha's Vineyard Regional High School District. Subsequent to the initial declaration of Trust by its founding member employers, the Towns of Aquinnah, Chilmark, Edgartown, Oak Bluffs, West Tisbury, the Up-Island Regional School District, the Martha's Vineyard Commission, the Martha's Vineyard Refuse District, the Martha's Vineyard Transit Authority, and the Town of Tisbury executed Trust Joinder Agreements to join the Trust.

The Trust is governed (and managed) by a 12-member board of trustees, which are appointed by each participating member employer's board.

## B. Plan Membership

At June 30, 2019, plan membership consisted of the following:

Active Employees	922
Retirees, Survivors, and Covered Spouses	522
Total	1,444

#### C. Benefits Provided

The Trust accumulates assets for the purpose of providing its member employers funds to provide future health, life, and dental insurance coverage for their retirees and survivors. Chapter 32B of the MGL assigns authority to establish and amend benefit provisions. Changes to member employer plan designs and contribution rates must be accomplished through each member employer's collective bargaining process. No benefits are provided directly through the Trust.

## D. <u>Contributions</u>

The contributions made to the Trust are voluntary and determined by the participating employer. For the year ended June 30, 2019, member contributions totaled \$2,628,466.

# NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

## A. Basis of Accounting

The basic financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

The significant accounting policies are described herein.

## B. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Basis of Presentation

The Trust's financial statements have been prepared using the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, "Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other than Pension Plans". This statement establishes standards of financial reporting for separately issued financial reports of state and local government OPEB plans.

## C. Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and shortterm investments with an original maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Investments are carried at fair value, as further discussed in Note 3.

## D. Basis of Investment Transactions

Purchases and sales of investments are recorded on the trade date. Transactions remaining unsettled as of year-end are recorded as payables for securities purchased and as a receivable for securities sold.

## E. <u>Revenue Recognition</u>

Contributions are recognized in the fiscal year to which they are provided. Investment income is recognized when earned.

### NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### F. <u>Benefits</u>

Benefits are recognized when an authorized written request is received from a Trust member. Current benefits are being paid directly from the individual member employers. Withdrawals made for benefit payments to participating employers amounted to \$2,991 for the year ended June 30, 2019.

#### G. <u>Administrative Expenses</u>

Administrative expenses are financed by employer contributions.

#### H. Use of Estimates

The preparation of basic financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure for contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the basic financial statements and the reported amounts of the revenues and expenditures/expenses during the fiscal year. Actual results could vary from estimates that were used.

## NOTE 3 DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Deposits and investments made by the Trust are governed by Massachusetts General Law, Chapter 203C (or the Massachusetts Prudent Investment Act).

Investment Policy. The Trustees have the authority for establishing and amending investment policy decisions. The Trustees have implemented an investment policy that prohibits purchasing equity securities on margin, selling short, investing in individual commodities, unregistered letter stock, individual foreign securities which trade only on non-US exchanges (other than those evidenced by ADR's, GDR's or mandated to manage an international portfolio), warrants (unless received through a current holding), real estate mortgages, all options and futures, real or personal property, private oil and gas property, loans of portfolio securities, venture capital issues, private placements, securities of a contributing employer and, derivatives, including collateralized mortgage obligations, interest only and principal only strips, and currency swaps or other specialized investment activities.

Based on the investment objectives and constraints of the Trust, and based on an annual review of the asset allocation and asset classes, the Trustees will specify a long-term target allocation for each class of permissible assets. These targets will be expressed as a percentage of the total portfolio, and will have ranges surrounding them, allowing for the portfolio to maintain policy through market fluctuations.

The long-term target allocations are intended as strategic goals. Thus, it is permissible for the overall asset allocation to deviate from the long-term target, as would likely occur during manager transitions, asset class restructurings, and other temporary changes in the Trust. Surplus cash flows are utilized to maintain the asset management structure. Should these cash flows not be sufficient to reallocate the Plan according to policy, the transfer of assets may occur between managers. At least annually, the Trustees reevaluate the portfolio weightings by asset class and adjustments are made accordingly.

# NOTE 3 DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

The following was the board's adopted asset allocation policy as of June 30, 2019.

Asset Class	Target Allocation
Domestic Equities	55%
Fixed Income	20%
International Equities	15%
Real Estate	10%

*Rate of Return.* For the year ended June 30, 2019, the annual money-weighted rate of return on investments, net of investment expense, was 4.71%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

## **Deposits - Custodial Credit Risk**

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the Trust's deposits may not be recovered. The Trust does not have a policy for custodial credit risk of deposits. As of June 30, 2019, the Trust was not exposed to custodial credit risk. The carrying value of the Trust's deposits totaled \$30,499 at June 30, 2019.

#### Investments Summary

The Trust's investments at June 30, 2019 are presented below. All investments are presented by investment type, with debt securities presented by maturity (using segmented time distribution).

	Investment Maturities (in Years)									
Investment Type	F V		Less Than 1	1	- 5	6 - 10				
Debt Securities:										
Money Market Mutual Funds	\$	516,028	\$	516,028	\$	-	\$	-		
Fixed Income Mutual Funds	3	,113,577		3,113,577		-		-		
Total Debt Securities	3	,629,605	\$	3,629,605	\$	-	\$	-		
Other Investments: Equity Mutual Funds Real Estate Fund Total Other Investments	1	,481,011 ,200,000 ,681,011								
Total Investments	<u>\$ 15</u>	,310,616								

## Investments - Interest Rate Risk of Debt Securities

Interest rate risk for debt securities is the risk that changes in interest rates of debt securities will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The Trust's policy for interest rate risk of debt securities is the portfolio is expected to perform at a rate greater than the Barclays Capital Intermediate Government/Credit Index and/or in the top 50% of an appropriate broad market fixed income universe.

### NOTE 3 DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### Investments - Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Trust will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Trust's policy for custodial credit risk of investments intends that all investments are either in the name of the Trust or in the name of its nominee, provided the nominee is authorized by the board. As of June 30, 2019, the Trust was not exposed to custodial credit risk.

#### **Investments - Credit Risk of Debt Securities**

Credit risk for debt securities is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to a debt security will not fulfill its obligations. The Trust does not have a policy for credit risk of debt securities.

As of June 30, 2019, the credit quality ratings of the Trust's debt securities were unrated.

#### **Deposits and Investments – Foreign Currency Risk**

Foreign currency risk is the risk that fluctuations in exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment or a deposit. The Trust's policy regarding foreign currency risk prohibits the investment in individual foreign securities which trade only on non-US exchanges (other than those evidenced by ADR's, GDR's or mandated to manage an international portfolio). As of June 30, 2019, the Trust had no exposure to foreign currency risk.

#### Investments – Concentration of Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the Trust's investment in a single issuer. The Trust does not have a policy for concentration of credit risk. As of June 30, 2019, the Trust was not exposed to concentration of credit risk.

#### Investments – Fair Value Measurements

The Trust categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

## NOTE 3 DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### Investments – Fair Value Measurements (Continued)

The Trust has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2019:

			Fair Value Measurements Using								
			Qu	oted Prices							
			in Assets		Significant	Si	gnificant				
		Fair		Assets		Inputs		Inputs			
Investment Type		Value		(Level 1)		(Level 2)	(	Level 3)			
Debt Securities:											
Money Market Mutual Funds	\$	516,028	\$	516,028	\$	-	\$	-			
Fixed Income Mutual Funds		3,113,577		-		3,113,577		-			
Total Debt Securities		3,629,605		516,028		3,113,577		-			
Equity Securities:											
Equity Mutual Funds		10,481,011		-		10,481,011		-			
Total Equity Securities		10,481,011		-		10,481,011		-			
Total Investments by											
Fair Value Level		14,110,616	\$	516,028	\$	13,594,588	\$	-			
Investments measured at the net asset value (NAV	′)										
Real Estate Fund	-	1,200,000									
Total Investments measured at the NAV		1,200,000									
Total Investments measured at Fair Value	\$	15,310,616									

Investments classified in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using prices quoted in active markets for those securities.

Investments classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using a matrix pricing technique. Matrix pricing is used to value securities based on the securities' relationship to benchmark quoted prices.

The valuation method for investments measured at the net asset value (NAV) per share (or its equivalent) is presented in the following table:

					Redemption
	Fair	Unfunded		Redemption	Notice
	 Value	Commitments		Frequency	Period
Real Estate Fund (1)	\$ 1,200,000	\$	250,000	Quarterly	45 Days
Total Investments Measured at the NAV	\$ 1,200,000				

(1) Real Estate Fund: This type includes one fund with an investment in a partnership with an investment objective to invest in and operate a diversified portfolio of commercial real estate assets. The fair value of the investment in this type has been determined using the NAV per share (or its equivalent) of the Trust's ownership interest in partners' capital.

#### DUKES COUNTY POOLED OPEB TRUST FUND REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 (SEE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT)

# **SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS (1)**

	2019	2018	2017
Annual Money-Weighted Rate of Return	4.71%	4.33%	3.53%

(1) Data is being accumulated annually to present 10 years of the reported information.

#### DUKES COUNTY POOLED OPEB TRUST FUND COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION BY EMPLOYER YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 (SEE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT)

	Dukes County	Aquinnah	Chilmark	Edgartown	West Tisbury	Oak Bluffs	MVRHS	Up-Island RSD	MV Commission	MV Refuse District	MV Transit Authority	Tisbury	Oak Bluffs Water District	MV Land Bank	Total
Additions: Contributions: Employer - Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability Employer - Administrative Total Contributions	\$ 214,951 1,101 216,052	\$ 50,000 519 50,519	\$ 166,273 976 167,249	\$ 150,000 6,232 156,232	\$ 200,000 956 200,956	\$ 60,000 5,007 65,007	\$ 838,783 5,941 844,724	\$ 570,493 2,971 573,464	\$ 47,750 270 48,020	\$	\$- <u>166</u> 166	\$ 300,323 5,505 305,828	\$ -	\$ - - -	\$ 2,598,573 29,893 2,628,466
Investment Income (Loss): Interest and Dividends Net Realized and Unrealized Gains Less: Investment Fees Net Investment Income	23,294 24,948 (3,259) 44,983	11,400 12,301 (1,561) 22,140	35,643 40,296 (4,747) 71,192	54,125 57,572 (7,334) 104,363	50,877 65,065 (6,961) 108,981	5,178 8,426 (722) 12,882	63,205 67,095 (8,412) 121,888	49,591 55,128 (6,656) 98,063	3,464 5,628 (474) 8,618	1,298 1,384 (173) 2,509	17,752 18,710 (2,361) 34,101	34,125 45,524 (4,728) 74,921		- - -	349,952 402,077 (47,388) 704,641
Other													270	187	457
Total Additions	261,035	72,659	238,441	260,595	309,937	77,889	966,612	671,527	56,638	2,758	34,267	380,749	270	187	3,333,564
Deductions: Administrative Expenses Withdrawals for Retiree Benefits Total Deductions	1,169	551	1,037	6,619	1,015	5,318	6,310	3,155	287	264	176 2,991 3,167	5,847	270	187 187	32,205 2,991 35,196
Net Increase in Net Position	259,866	72,108	237,404	253,976	308,922	72,571	960,302	668,372	56,351	2,494	31,100	374,902	-	-	3,298,368
Net Position Restricted for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions:	014.054	400.477	4 005 00 4	0.050.005	4 000 400		4 000 000	4 170 4 40	400.000	54 700	700 400	4 077 400			10 0 10 505
Beginning of Year End of Year	814,951 \$ 1,074,817	420,477 \$ 492,585	1,305,964 \$ 1,543,368	2,056,825 \$ 2,310,801	1,929,120 \$ 2,238,042	191,145 \$ 263,716	1,682,203 \$ 2,642,505	1,473,149 \$ 2,141,521	132,088 \$ 188,439	51,782 \$ 54,276	708,402 \$ 739,502	1,277,489 \$ 1,652,391	- \$ -	- \$ -	12,043,595 \$ 15,341,963

