DUKES COUNTY POOLED OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) TRUST FUND

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

FOR THE PERIOD JULY 1, 2014 THROUGH JUNE 30, 2016

DUKES COUNTY POOLED OPEB TRUST FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE PERIOD JULY 1, 2014 THROUGH JUNE 30, 2016

TABLE OF CONTENTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT	1
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS	4
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	7
STATEMENT OF PLAN NET POSITION	7
STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN PLAN NET POSITION	8
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	9
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	18
SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS	18
SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS	18
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN PLAN NET POSITION BY	19

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of Trustees Dukes County Pooled OPEB Trust Fund Oak Bluffs, Massachusetts

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying statement of plan net position of the Dukes County Pooled OPEB Trust Fund as of June 30, 2016, and the related statement of changes in plan net position for the period July 1, 2014 through June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.



Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Dukes County Pooled OPEB Trust Fund as of June 30, 2016, and the change in financial position for the period July 1, 2014 through June 30, 2016, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that management's discussion and analysis (located on pages 4 through 6) and historical OPEB information (located on page 18) be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Management has omitted comparative analyses of condensed financial information that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements. The combining statement of changes in plan net position by employer (supplementary information) is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 9, 2016, on our consideration of the Dukes County Pooled OPEB Trust Fund's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Dukes County Pooled OPEB Trust Fund's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Boston, Massachusetts December 9, 2016

DUKES COUNTY POOLED OPEB TRUST FUND MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2016

As Management of the Dukes County Pooled Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) Trust Fund (Trust), we offer readers of these financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the Trust's financial activities for the period July 1, 2014 through June 30, 2016. Please refer to the audited *Financial Statements* when reading this management's discussion and analysis.

Overview of the Trust

The Trust was established November 1, 2010, and is an agent multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan that covers retired employees and survivors of the Trust's member employers. The Trust's membership includes the County of Dukes County, the Towns of Aquinnah, Chilmark, Oak Bluffs, Edgartown and West Tisbury, the Martha's Vineyard Regional High School District, the Up-Island Regional School District, the Martha's Vineyard Commission, the Martha's Vineyard Refuse District and the Martha's Vineyard Transit Authority.

Financial Highlights

The Trust's funding objective is to meet long-term OPEB obligations through contributions and investment income. As of July 1, 2014, the latest actuarial valuation, the funded ratio was 2.77% based on the actuarial value of assets at that date.

The Trust's net position at June 30, 2016, totaled \$6,499,032. Net position is the residual of the Trust's assets in excess of the Trust's liabilities as of the statement date. The Trust's assets are held in trust to meet future OPEB payments of the Trust's member employers.

Overview of the Financial Statements

The financial statements are comprised of a statement of plan net position, statement of changes in plan net position, notes to financial statements, required supplementary information and supplementary information.

The **statement of plan net position** presents information on the Trust's assets and liabilities and the resulting net position held in trust for OPEB benefits. This is calculated using the following formula: Assets – Liabilities = Net Position held in trust for OPEB benefits. This statement reflects the Trust's investments at fair value, as well as cash and liabilities. The statement of net position reports the financial position of the Trust at June 30, 2016. Over time, the increase or decrease in net position serves as a useful indicator of the Trust's financial health.

The **statement of changes in plan net position** presents information showing how the Trust's net position changed during the period July 1, 2014 through June 30, 2016. It reflects contributions by its member employers along with deductions for administrative expenses. Investment income during the period is also presented showing income from investing activities.

The **notes to the financial statements** provide additional information that is essential for the reader to gain a full understanding of the data provided in the financial statements.

The **required supplementary information** includes historical data regarding the schedules of funding progress and employer contributions.

DUKES COUNTY POOLED OPEB TRUST FUND MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2016

Supplementary Information

In addition to the financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents supplementary information. Presented in this information is the combining statement of changes in plan net position by employer. This additional information can be found on pages 19-20.

Financial Statement Analysis

The following tables present current data on the financial statements. In future years, comparative data will be available and presented.

Net Position

The Trust's assets exceeded liabilities by \$6,499,032 as of June 30, 2016 and are summarized as follows:

	 2016
Assets Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 87,497
Investments	 6,411,535
Total assets	 6,499,032
Liabilities Accounts payable and accrued expenses	
Plan Net Position Held in trust for OPEB	\$ 6,499,032

The majority of the Trust's assets (98.7%) consist of investments.

DUKES COUNTY POOLED OPEB TRUST FUND MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2016

Changes in Net Position

The Trust's net position increased by \$2,738,173 for the period July 1, 2014 through June 30, 2016 and is summarized as follows:

		2016
Additions Contributions	•	
Employer	\$	2,409,978
Net investment income		
Net realized and unrealized gains		180,533
Interest and dividends		223,587
Less investment fees		(41,730)
Net investment income		362,390
Other		4,859
Total additions		2,777,227
Deductions		
Administrative expenses		39,054
Change in plan net position		2,738,173
Plan net position - beginning of period		3,760,859
Plan net position - end of period	\$	6,499,032

Voluntary employer contributions totaled \$2,409,978, or 86.8%, of total additions, while net investment income totaled \$362,390, or 13.0%, of total additions.

The majority (over 99%) of administrative expenses relate to fiduciary insurance, audit fees and actuarial services expenses.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Trust's finances for all those with an interest in its finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report should be addressed to the Trustee Chair, 9 Airport Road, Suite 1, Vineyard Haven, Massachusetts, 02568.

DUKES COUNTY POOLED OPEB TRUST FUND STATEMENT OF PLAN NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2016

Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 87,497
	 _
Investments:	
Fixed income	1,781,190
Pooled fixed income	948,060
Equities	2,015,664
Pooled equities	 1,666,621
Total investments	6,411,535
	 _
Total plan assets	6,499,032
	 _
Liabilities	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	
· ·	
Plan net position held in trust for OPEB	\$ 6,499,032

DUKES COUNTY POOLED OPEB TRUST FUND STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN PLAN NET POSITION FOR THE PERIOD JULY 1, 2014 THROUGH JUNE 30, 2016

Additions:	
Contributions:	
Employer - unfunded actuarial accrued liability	\$ 2,390,358
Employer - administrative	19,620
Total contributions	2,409,978
Investment income (loss):	
Interest and dividends	223,587
Net realized and unrealized gains	180,533
Less: investment fees	(41,730)
Net investment income	362,390
Other	4,859
Total additions	2,777,227
Deductions:	
Administrative expenses	39,054
Change in plan net position	2,738,173
Plan net position held in trust for OPEB benefits:	
Beginning of period	3,760,859

6,499,032

End of period

NOTE 1 DESCRIPTION OF PLAN

A. General

The Dukes County Pooled Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) Trust Fund (Trust) is an agent multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan that covers retired employees and survivors of the Trust's member employers. The Trust was established November 1, 2010, pursuant to Chapter 149 of the Acts of 2010, for the purpose of holding, managing and administering the funding of the unfunded liability of OPEB accrued by each member employers' employees.

The initial two employer members of the Trust were the County of Dukes County and the Martha's Vineyard Regional High School District. Subsequent to the initial declaration of Trust by its founding member employers, the Towns of Aquinnah, Chilmark, Edgartown, Oak Bluffs, West Tisbury, the Up-Island Regional School District, the Martha's Vineyard Commission, the Martha's Vineyard Refuse District, and the Martha's Vineyard Transit Authority executed Trust Joinder Agreements to join the Trust. The Trust is governed by an 11 member Board of Trustees appointed by each participating member employers Board.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Basis of Accounting

The basic financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

The significant accounting policies are described herein.

B. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Basis of Presentation

The Trust's financial statements have been prepared using the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with GASB Statement No. 43, "Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other than Pension Plans" and GASB Statement No. 63, "Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position." These statements establish standards for the measurement, recognition, and display of the assets, liabilities, deferred outflows and inflows of resources, if any, and, where applicable, plan net position held in trust for other postemployment benefits and changes in plan net position held in trust for other postemployment benefits of the Trust, and for related note disclosures.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C. Implementation of New Accounting Principles

For the period ending June 30, 2016, the Trust implemented the following pronouncements issued by the GASB:

- GASB Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application
- GASB Statement No. 76, The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Governments

The implementation of GASB Statement No. 72 required certain disclosures to be made about fair value measurements, the level of fair value hierarchy, and valuation techniques related to the Trust's investments.

Implementation of GASB Statement No. 76 had no reporting impact for the Trust.

D. Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and shortterm investments with an original maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Investments are carried at fair value. Fair values of investments are based on quotations from a national securities exchange, except for pooled funds, which are based on unit values reported by the funds.

E. Basis of Investment Transactions

Purchases and sales of investments are recorded on the trade date. Transactions remaining unsettled as of year-end are recorded as payables for securities purchased and as a receivable for securities sold.

F. Revenue Recognition

Contributions are recognized in the fiscal year to which they are provided. Investment income is recognized when earned.

G. Benefits

Benefits are recognized when an authorized written request is received from a Trust member. No benefits have been paid out of the Trust through June 30, 2016. Current benefits are being paid directly from the individual member units.

H. Administrative Expenses

Administrative expenses are financed by employer contributions.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

I. <u>Use of Estimates</u>

The preparation of basic financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure for contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the basic financial statements and the reported amounts of the revenues and expenditures/expenses during the fiscal year. Actual results could vary from estimates that were used.

NOTE 3 PLAN DESCRIPTION AND CONTRIBUTIONS

Plan Description

The Trust accumulates assets for the purpose of providing its member employers funds to provide future health, life and dental insurance coverage for their retirees and survivors (hereinafter referred to as the Plan) as an agent multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan. Chapter 32B of the MGL assigns authority to establish and amend benefit provisions. Changes to member employer plan designs and contribution rates must be accomplished through each member employer's collective bargaining process.

Participation in the Plan is voluntary upon commencement of employment for a permanent employee who regularly works not less than 20 hours per week.

The number of participants as of July 1, 2014, the latest actuarial valuation is as follows:

Active Employees	824
Retirees, Survivors, and Covered Spouses	350
Total	1,174

Contributions

Contributions to the Trust are voluntary and irrevocable. For the period July 1, 2014 through June 30, 2016, member contributions totaled \$2,409,978.

Subsequent Events

Subsequent to year-end, member contributions totaling approximately \$150,000 have been received by the Trust.

NOTE 4 DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Deposits and investments made by the Trust are governed by Massachusetts General Law, Chapter 203C (or the Massachusetts Prudent Investment Act).

The Trustees have the authority for establishing and amending investment policy decisions. The Trustees have implemented an investment policy that prohibits purchasing equity securities on margin, selling short, investing in individual commodities, unregistered letter stock, individual foreign securities which trade only on non-US exchanges (other than those evidenced by ADR's, GDR's or mandated to manage an international portfolio), warrants (unless received through a current holding), real estate mortgages, all options and futures, real or personal property, private oil and gas property, loans of portfolio securities, venture capital issues, private placements, securities of a contributing employer and, derivatives, including collateralized mortgage obligations, interest only and principal only strips, and currency swaps or other specialized investment activities.

Based on the investment objectives and constraints of the Trust, and based on an annual review of the asset allocation and asset classes, the Trustees will specify a long-term target allocation for each class of permissible assets. These targets will be expressed as a percentage of the total portfolio, and will have ranges surrounding them, allowing for the portfolio to maintain policy through market fluctuations.

The long-term target allocations are intended as strategic goals. Thus, it is permissible for the overall asset allocation to deviate from the long-term target, as would likely occur during manager transitions, asset class restructurings, and other temporary changes in the Trust. Surplus cash flows are utilized to maintain the asset management structure. Should these cash flows not be sufficient to reallocate the Plan according to policy, the transfer of assets may occur between managers. At least annually, the Trustees reevaluate the portfolio weightings by asset class and adjustments are made accordingly.

Deposits - Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the Trust's deposits may not be recovered. The Trust does not have a policy for custodial credit risk of deposits. As of June 30, 2016, the Trust was not exposed to custodial credit risk.

NOTE 4 DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Investments Summary

The Trust's investments at June 30, 2016 are presented below. All investments are presented by investment type, with debt securities presented by maturity (using segmented time distribution).

		Investment Maturities (in Years)					
	Fair		Less				
Investment Type	Value		Than 1		1 - 5		6 - 10
Debt Securities: U.S. Treasuries U.S. Agencies Corporate bonds Money market mutual funds Mutual bond funds	\$ 832,853 747,425 200,912 85,961 948,060	\$	- 252,665 25,024 85,961 193,368	\$	564,586 334,213 175,888 - 123,834	\$	268,268 160,548 - 630,858
Total debt securities	 2,815,211	\$	557,018	\$	1,198,521	\$	1,059,673
Other Investments: Equity mutual funds Equity securities	1,666,621 2,015,664						
Total other investments	 3,682,285						
Total investments	\$ 6,497,496						

<u>Investments - Interest Rate Risk of Debt Securities</u>

Interest rate risk for debt securities is the risk that changes in interest rates of debt securities will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The Trust's policy for interest rate risk of debt securities is the portfolio is expected to perform at a rate greater than the Barclays Capital Intermediate Government/Credit Index and/or in the top 50% of an appropriate broad market fixed income universe.

Investments - Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Trust will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Trust's policy for custodial credit risk of investments intends that all investments are either in the name of the Trust or in the name of its nominee, provided the nominee is authorized by the Board. As of June 30, 2016, the Trust was not exposed to custodial credit risk.

NOTE 4 DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Investments - Credit Risk of Debt Securities

Credit risk for debt securities is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to a debt security will not fulfill its obligations. The Trust does not have a policy for credit risk of debt securities.

As of June 30, 2016, the credit quality ratings of the Trust's debt securities (excluding U.S. Treasury Securities) are as follows:

				Qua	ality Ratings	s *			_	
Investment Type	Fair Value	 AA+	 AA	_	AA-		Α	 BBB+	Ur	nrated
US Agency securities Corporate bonds Money market mutual funds Mutual bond funds	\$ 747,425 200,912 85,961 948,060	\$ 747,425 36,019 -	\$ 54,091 - -	\$	- 60,255 - -	\$	25,024 - -	\$ - 25,524 - -	\$	- 85,961 948,060
Total	\$ 1,982,358	\$ 783,444	\$ 54,091	\$	60,255	\$	25,024	\$ 25,524	\$ 1,	034,022

^{*} Per the rating scale of Standard & Poors, a nationally recognized statistical rating organization.

Deposits and Investments – Foreign Currency Risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that fluctuations in exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment or a deposit. The Trust's policy regarding foreign currency risk prohibits the investment in individual foreign securities which trade only on non-US exchanges (other than those evidenced by ADR's, GDR's or mandated to manage an international portfolio). As of June 30, 2016, the Trust had indirect exposure to foreign currency risk for certain pooled fixed income and equity investments issued by foreign countries in the amount of \$569,240.

Investments – Concentration of Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the Trust's investment in a single issuer. The Trust does not have a policy for concentration of credit risk. As of June 30, 2016, the Trust was exposed to concentration of credit risk as follows:

		Percentage
	Fair	of Total
Issuer	 Value	Investments
Federal National Mortgage Association	\$ 360,310	5.5%

NOTE 4 DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

<u>Investments – Fair Value Measurements</u>

The Trust categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by GAAP. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The Trust has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2016:

		Fair Value
		Measurements
		Using
		Quoted Prices
		in Active
		Markets for
		Identical
	Fair	Assets
Investment Type	Value	(Level 1)
Debt Securities:		
U.S. Treasury Securities	\$ 832,853	\$ 832,853
U.S. Agency Securities	747,425	747,425
Corporate Bonds	200,912	200,912
Mutual Bond Funds	948,060	948,060
Total Debt Securities	2,729,250	2,729,250
Fauity Convition		
Equity Securities: Equities	2,015,664	2,015,664
Equity Mutual Funds	1,666,621	1,666,621
Total Equity Securities	3,682,285	3,682,285
Total Equity deculties	3,002,200	3,002,203
Total Investments by Fair Value Level	\$ 6,411,535	\$ 6,411,535

Debt and equity securities classified in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using prices quoted in active markets for those securities.

NOTE 5 FUNDED STATUS AND FUNDING PROGRESS

The funded status of the Plan at July 1, 2014, the most recent actuarial valuation, was as follows:

		Actuarial				
		Accrued				UAAL as a
	Actuarial	Liability (AAL)	Unfunded			Percentage
Actuarial	Value of	Projected Unit	AAL	Funded	Covered	of Covered
Valuation	Assets	Credit	(UAAL)	Ratio	Payroll	Payroll
Date	(A)	(B)	(B-A)	(A/B)	(C)	((B-A)/C
07/01/14	\$ 3.760.727	\$ 135,566,137	\$ 131.805.410	2.77%	\$ 48,918,685	269.4%

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the Plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multi-year trend information that shows whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

The accompanying schedule of employer contributions present trend information about the amounts contributed to the Plan by employers in comparison to the ARC, an amount that is actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 43. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost for each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years.

Methods and Assumptions - Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive Plan (the Plan as understood by the employers and employees) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and Plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

NOTE 5 FUNDED STATUS AND FUNDING PROGRESS (CONTINUED)

The significant methods and assumptions as of the latest actuarial valuation are as follows:

Valuation date: July 1, 2014

Actuarial cost method: Projected Unit Credit
Amortization method: Increasing at 4.50%

Remaining amortization period: 30 years (open)

Interest discount rate: 4.0%

Healthcare cost trend rate: 8.0% decreasing 1% annually for 3 years

to an ultimate level of 5.0% per year

Dental cost trend rate: 5.0% (all years)

NOTE 6 FUTURE IMPLEMENTATION OF GASB PRONOUNCEMENTS

The GASB has issued <u>Statement No. 74</u>, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans, which is required to be implemented during fiscal year 2017 and replaces GASB <u>Statement No. 43</u>, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans, as amended, and GASB <u>Statement No. 57</u>, OPEB Measurements by Agent Employers and Agent Multiple-Employer Plans. The implementation of this Statement will improve financial reporting through enhanced note disclosures and schedules of required supplementary information.

DUKES COUNTY POOLED OPEB TRUST FUND REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2016

SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS

		Actuarial				UAAL as a	
	Actuarial	Accrued	Unfunded			Percentage	
Actuarial	Value of	Liability (AAL)	AAL	Funded	Covered	of Covered	
Valuation	Assets	Entry Age	(UAAL)	Ratio	Payroll	Payroll	
Date	(A)	(B)	(B-A)	(A/B)	(C)	((B-A)/C	
07/01/14	\$ 3,760,727	\$ 135,566,137	\$ 131,805,410	2.77%	\$ 48,918,685	269.4%	
07/01/12	1,412,895	100,822,215	99,409,320	1.40%	34,094,029	291.6%	

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS

	Annual			
	Required			Percentage
Year Ended	Contribution			of ARC
June 30	(ARC)	C	ontribution	Contributed (%)
2016	\$ 11,239,647	\$	2,830,150	25.2%
2015	10,721,418		3,964,392	37.0%
2014	8,413,647		3,067,011	36.5%

DUKES COUNTY POOLED OPEB TRUST FUND COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN PLAN NET POSITION BY EMPLOYER FOR THE PERIOD JULY 1, 2014 THROUGH JUNE 30, 2016

	Dukes County	Aguinnah		Chilmark		Edgartown		West Tisbury		Oak Bluffs	
Additions:	 County		quiman		- Internation	_	agaitoiiii		1.020.7		Diano
Contributions:											
Employer - unfunded actuarial accrued liability	\$ 300,000	\$	100,000	\$	250,000	\$	700,000	\$	240,000	\$	75,000
Employer - administrative	 916		477		770		4,951		862		4,327
Total contributions	 300,916	100,477		250,770		704,951		240,862		79,327	
Investment income (loss):											
Interest and dividends	14,573		11,667		32,477		45,173		55,373	1,007	
Net realized and unrealized gains	17,125		6,834		23,883		39,226		32,943	4,406	
Less: investment fees	 (2,697)		(2,165)		(6,076)		(8,504)		(10,362)		(150)
Net investment income	 29,001		16,336		50,284		75,895		77,954		5,263
Other	 		<u> </u>				<u> </u>				
Total additions	329,917		116,813		301,054		780,846		318,816		84,590
Deductions:											
Administrative expenses	 1,749		1,296		2,899		8,127		4,592		4,252
Change in plan net position	328,168		115,517		298,155		772,719		314,224		80,338
Plan net position held in trust for OPEB benefits:											
Beginning of period	 157,555		173,251		609,149		632,313		1,120,761		
End of period	\$ 485,723	\$	288,768	\$	907,304	\$	1,405,032	\$	1,434,985	\$	80,338

 MVRHS	Up-Island RSD (MV Refuse District		MV Transit Authority		Oak Bluffs Water District		MV Land Bank				Total	
\$ 309,945 4,694	\$	254,973 2,017	\$	46,000 257	\$	- 202	\$	114,440 147	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,390,358 19,620
 314,639		256,990		46,257		202		114,587						<u>-</u>		2,409,978
31,328 24,411 (5,810)		18,454 17,936 (3,428)		2,730 2,939 (508)		1,025 435 (191)		9,780 10,395 (1,839)		<u>-</u>		- -		- -		223,587 180,533 (41,730)
 49,929		32,962		5,161		1,269		18,336								362,390
 <u> </u>		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		<u> </u>				202		165		4,492		4,859
364,568		289,952		51,418		1,471		132,923		202		165		4,492		2,777,227
 6,681		3,162		439		268		730		202		165		4,492		39,054
357,887		286,790		50,979		1,203		132,193		-		-		-		2,738,173
 524,161		285,073		41,229		23,027		194,340								3,760,859
\$ 882,048	\$	571,863	\$	92,208	\$	24,230	\$	326,533	\$		\$		\$	-	\$	6,499,032